



Telework Training for Program Implementation

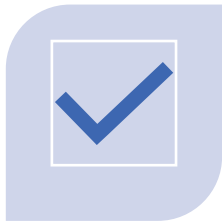
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Implementation Steps for Larger Employers

Gain	Gain Management Commitment	Month 1
Select	Select Telework Coordinator	Month 1
Form	Form a Steering Committee	Month 1
Develop	Develop Policies/Agreement and Guidelines	Month 2
Develop	Develop Technology Component	Month 2
Implement	Implement Program	Ongoing
Train	Provide Tips	Month 3
Conduct Focus Groups	Conduct focus groups	Month 4

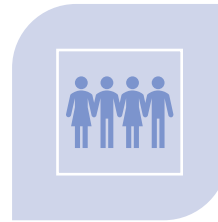
Gain Management Commitment



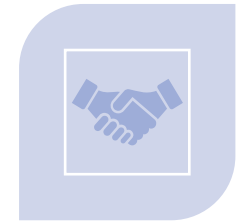
Convince upper
management



Convince middle
management



Convince
employees



Develop proposal

Upper Management Issues

- Productivity
- Cost
- Coverage
- Bottom-line
- Overhead
- Recruitment / Retention
- Sustainability
- Impressions of pandemic version of teleworking



Middle Management Issues



Performance Issues — “How do I know they are working?”



Communication and Collaboration Issues — “How will I reach staff?”



Cost Issues — “How can we afford a telework program?”



Mental Health, fatigue, recruitment/retention, burnout



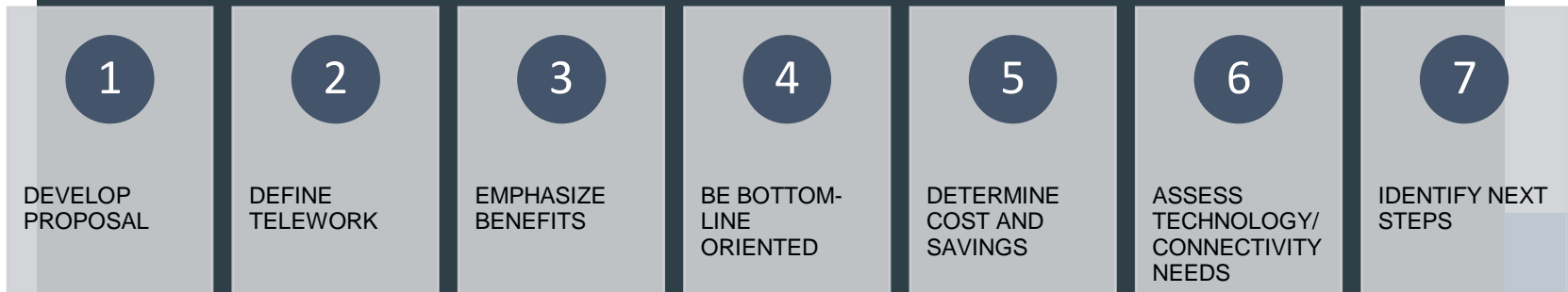
Future of office space

Middle Management: Other Issues

- Equity/Haves and Have-Nots
- “What about those who cannot telework?”
- Selection
- “How do I select the right employees?”
- Loss of control and corporate loyalty
- “Will these employees now start looking for other work?”
- Safety/Ergonomics
- “Do we inspect the home office?”



Getting Organized



Select Coordinator

- Sells the program
- Makes presentations
- Recruits supporters and pilot
- Plays a leadership role
- Helps make selection
- Troubleshoots
- Pioneers the program

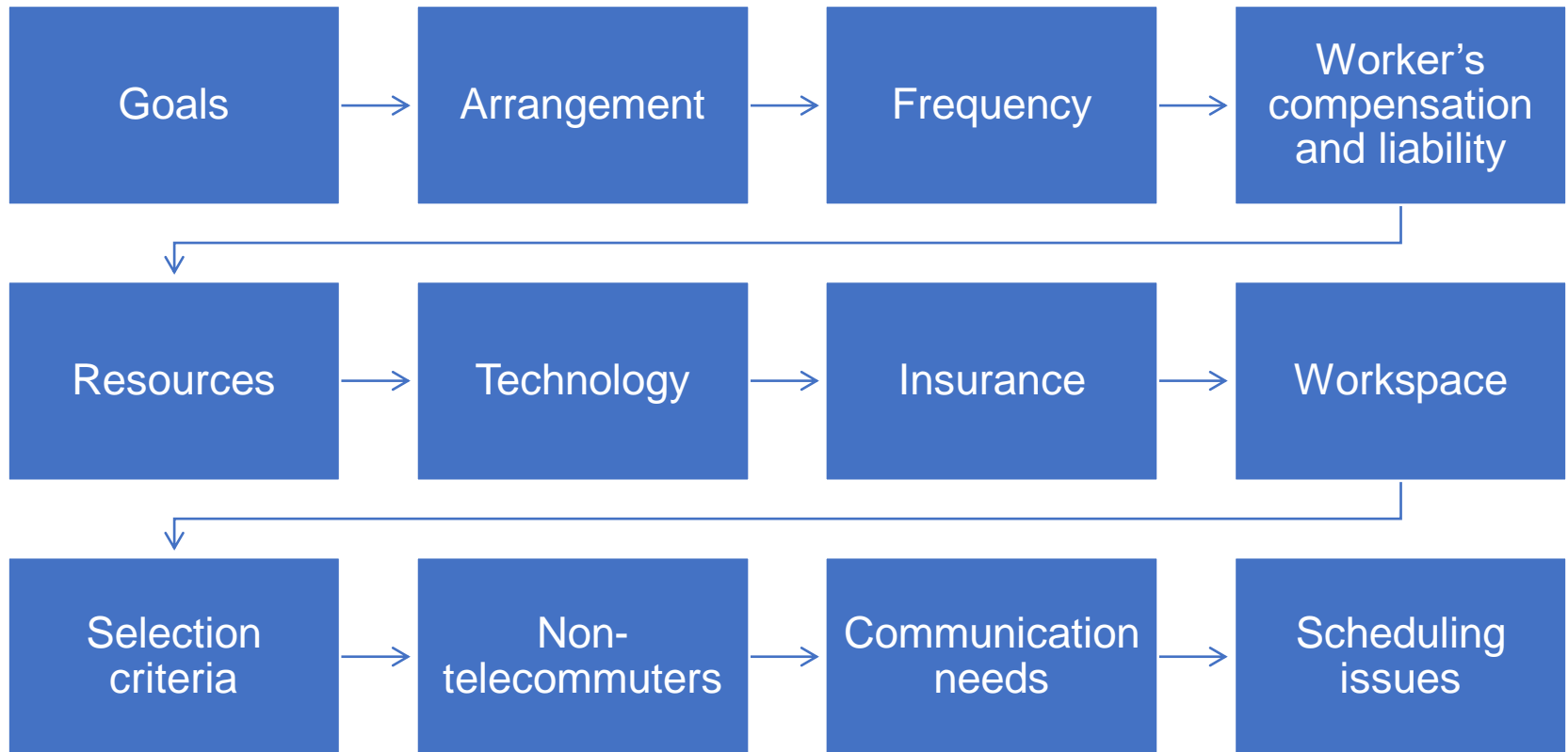


Form a Steering Committee

- Decision-makers
 - Key departments
 - Pilot group
 - Commitment
 - Sells the program
-



Develop Policies and Agreement





Conduct a Jobs Assessment

Job function

Project oriented

Measurable impact on others

Need for equipment

Face-to-face interaction with others

Conduct a Jobs Assessment - Teleworker



Analyzing Job Functions for Telework

Job Function	Always	Sometimes	Never
Tasks can be done independently			
Work completed is measurable based on Deliverables			
Quality and quantity of work are measurable			
Non-teleworker functions are minimally affected			
Need for specialized material or equipment is minimal			
Deals with confidential and proprietary information			
Requires teamwork			
Need for face-to-face interaction can be managed			

Eligibility Factors



PERFORMANCE
RATING



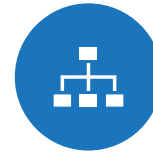
TENURE



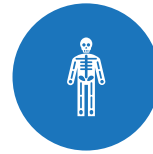
GRADE LEVEL



POSITION
DESCRIPTION



ORGANIZATIONAL
STRUCTURE



OTHER

Employee Characteristics

Self-motivated, self-managing

Results-oriented

Conscientious, organized

Independent worker

Flexible

Understands job requirements

Understands organizational policies
and procedures

Communicates well with colleagues
and clients

Handles change well

Analyzing Employee Characteristics for Telework

Characteristic	1	2	3	4	5
Self-disciplined					
Experience and skill level					
Past and current performance productivity levels					
Organizational skills					
Communication skills					
Relationships with others					
Relationships with clients					
Ability to be flexible					

Assess Technology Component

- Equipment needs
- Frequency
- Connectivity issues
- Pre-testing
- Tech support
- Collaborative technologies
- Stipends



Estimate Costs and Savings

- Identify savings
- Identify costs
- Who pays for what?



Adjustments for Management When Teleworking



Managing by results



Trust



Developing good communication and access procedures



Maintaining team environment



Concerns regarding loss of control

Adjustments for Employees



Impact on teamwork?



How will my manager know that I am working?



Increased isolation from co-workers



Developing good organizational skills



Dealing with distractions in the home environment

Teleworker Training

The program and the process

Defining program parameters

Getting Organized

Scheduling teleworking days

Planning a home office/ergonomics

Training family and others

Employee engagement

Safety

Technology Connectivity

Resolving concerns about teleworking

Telemanager Training



Evaluation



Focus groups



Interviews



Surveys

Successful Telework Programs Have Certain Characteristics



Initial pilot



Top level
commitment



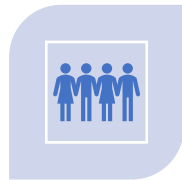
Planning and
selection process



Seamless



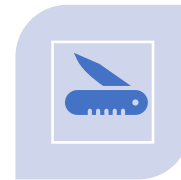
Flexible



Fit corporate culture



Plan for access and
communication



Expandable

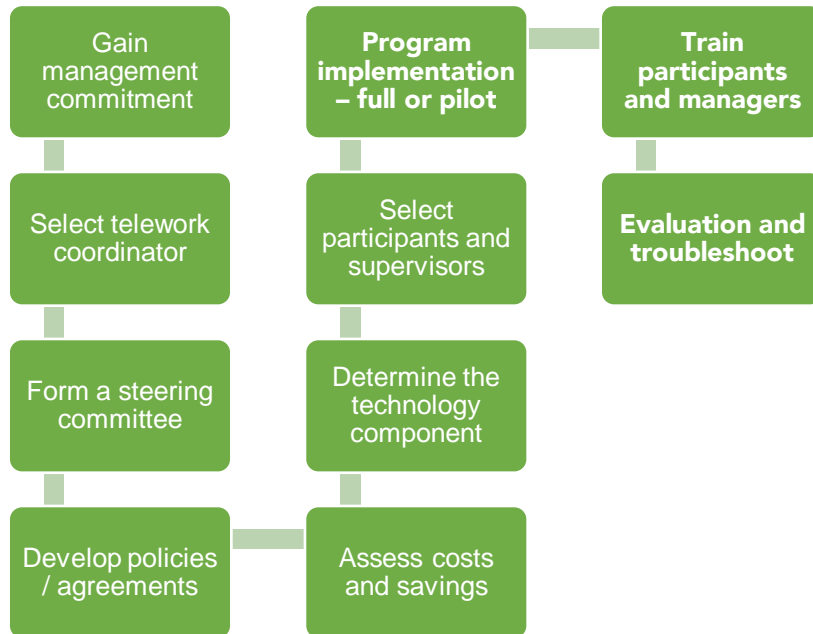
Resources Available

- Alternative Work Schedules Agreement
- Compressed Work Week Do's and Don'ts
- Telework Do's and Don'ts
- Frequently Asked Questions
- Ergonomics and Safety Checklist
- Sample Telework Guidelines
- Self-Assessment Form for Teleworkers
- Telework Implementation Steps
- Telework Program Policy
- Training Modules
- Focus group questions and Evaluation
- Case Studies

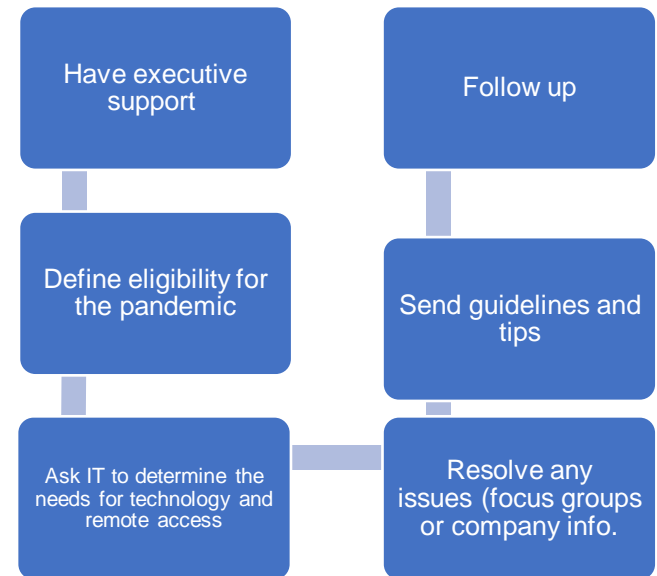


Implementation Steps Comparison

- Typical Implementation



- Quick Start Implementation



Guidelines - Sample

Sample Teleworker Guidelines

TELEWORKER remains obligated to comply with all of EMPLOYER's rules, practices, instructions and this Agreement. TELEWORKER understands that violation of the telework guidelines may result in termination of this arrangement.

Teleworking, or telecommuting, is the concept of working from home or another location on a full- or part-time basis. Teleworking is not a formal, universal employee benefit. Rather, it is an alternative method of meeting the needs of the Employer. The Employer has the right to refuse to make teleworking available to an employee and to terminate a teleworking arrangement at any time. Employees have the right to refuse to telework if the option is made available.

The Employer's goals in allowing for teleworking are to:

- Provide business continuity
- Improve recruitment and retention of employees
- Increase productivity
- Reduce Congestion and Tardiness

Compensation and Work Hours

The employee's compensation, benefits, work status and work responsibilities will not change due to teleworking. The amount of time the employee is expected to work per day or pay period will not change as a result of participation in the teleworking program. Overtime needs to pre-approved by the manager in advance. The frequency of teleworking will be up to their immediate supervisor

Agreement – Sample

Telework Agreement

Name of TELEWORKER: _____ Name of SUPERVISOR: _____

Conditions for teleworking agreed upon by TELEWORKER and his/her supervisor:

The TELEWORKER agrees to telework at the following location	Location:
The TELEWORKER will telework _____ day(s)	Day(s) if identified ahead of time _____
The TELEWORKER's hours will be	Teleworking hours are from _____ AM to _____ PM
The following are the types of assignments to be worked on by the TELEWORKER at the remote location:	Assignments:
The following equipment will be used by the TELEWORKER at the remote location:	Equipment:
The TELEWORKER agrees to check voicemail at least	_____ times per day
TELEWORKER agrees to check and respond to email messages no later than	_____ hours after receipt of the communication day
Additional conditions agreed upon by the supervisor and TELEWORKER are as follows:	Additional conditions:

Tips - Sample

Teleworker Do's for Teleworking

COMMUNICATION

- Confer with your supervisor on organizing work for the telework days
- Make sure team members and supervisors have a clear idea of the day(s) you will telework
- Keep your supervisor informed of the progress you are making as needed
- Attend on site or virtual essential department and group meetings
- Respond to communications such as calls, emails and texts
- Inform family members and neighbors about when you may be interrupted
- Talk with your supervisor if you are feeling isolated, fatigued, or are experiencing low morale
- Try to keep meetings to 30 minutes instead of an hour
- Before attending meetings think about your role in the meeting and team collaborations

Manager Do's for Teleworking

COMMUNICATION

- Develop good communication and access procedures for your employees so they are clear about meeting times and availability when teleworking, for example, suggest that teleworker email their team when starting and ending their telework day
- Establish channels for different kinds of communication with employees
- Utilize asynchronous communication
- Integrate teleworkers in innovation exchange such as brainstorming with the use of technology
- Communicate with the teleworker in the same way you would in the office
- Plan meetings when your teleworkers can participate
- Allow for transition time in between meetings
- Communicate with your team to set norms and expectations for remote work
- Set video-conferencing guidelines, such as indicating when or if camera on or off is appropriate or necessary



Focus Group Questions Teleworkers - Sample

1. For how long have you been teleworking?
2. How frequently do you telework?
3. Has teleworking affected your productivity? (How)
4. What is your supervisor's attitude regarding teleworking? Any changes since the beginning of the pilot?
5. How have your coworkers responded to teleworking?
6. How do you check in with your manager?
7. What are some of the benefits of teleworking?
8. What are some of the disadvantages of teleworking?
9. How can the program be improved?
10. Have your job duties changed as a result of teleworking?
11. How are your technological needs being met while teleworking?
12. How is your morale affected by teleworking?

Exercise

- Groups 1 and 2
- You are working with a company of 50 employees that are now working from home. The company is a small start-up, which is a non-profit and with 75% of the employees being under the age of 30. The management wants most of the employees to come back to work because they cannot change their lease. They feel that the lack of interaction is not conducive to the team spirit. How do you find out what is causing the lack of confidence? How would you develop a proposal? What steps would you take?

Exercise

- Groups 3 and 4
- You are working with a public sector organization of 65 employees. Half are essential and half are non-essential. Although they have adopted teleworking, the management is asking more and more non-essential employees to come to work. Their elected officials do not like the idea of public sector employees working at home. What strategies would you use to help them retain some level of teleworking?